\$100,000 for a misdemeanor and \$250,000 for a felony. In addition, anyone convicted of the crime of intentional slamming will not be allowed to be a telecommunications service provider, and any company substantially controlled by a person convicted of intentional slamming will also be disqualified from providing such services. After five years, however, the FCC shall have the option to reinstate such individuals or companies disqualified under this provision, if it is in the public interest to do so.

(4) State Actions: The bill gives the states the right to take action against slammers on behalf of its residents, and makes it clear that nothing in this section preempts the states from taking action against intra-state slammers. This provision is necessary because some state supreme courts have ruled that FCC regulatory authority preempts the states from acting in this area.

(5) Reports on Slamming Complaints: The bill requires all telecommunications carriers, including local exchange carriers, to report on the number of subscriber slamming complaints against each carrier. The provision allows the FCC to determine how often these reports would have to be submitted. This provision would not require carriers to refer complaints on an individual basis, only a summary report that could be used by the FCC to determine which companies are engaging in patterns and practices of slamming.

(6) FCC Report on Slamming and Enforcement Actions: The bill establishes a requirement that FCC submit a report to Congress on its slamming enforcement actions. The FCC already provides this information in its Common Carrier Scorecard, so this provision does not establish a new report. It is designed to make it clear to the FCC that Congress considers slamming enforcement important.

(7) FCC Report on Adequacy of FCC License Process: This bill requires the FCC report to Congress on whether current licensing requirements and procedures are sufficient to prevent fraudulent telecommunications providers from receiving an FCC license. Currently, the FCC does not review telecommunications provider applications prior to issuing FCC licenses, allowing fraudulent companies into the telecommunications marketplace.

ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 238

At the request of Mr. GRAMS, the name of the Senator from South Dakota [Mr. JOHNSON] was added as a cosponsor of S. 238, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to ensure medicare reimbursement for certain ambulance services, and to improve the efficiency of the emergency medical system, and for other purposes.

S. 328

At the request of Mr. Hutchinson, the name of the Senator from Georgia [Mr. Coverdell] was added as a cosponsor of S. 328, a bill to amend the National Labor Relations Act to protect employer rights, and for other purposes.

S. 1312

At the request of Mr. ABRAHAM, the names of the Senator from Connecticut [Mr. DODD] and the Senator from Ohio [Mr. DEWINE] were added as cosponsors of S. 1312, a bill to save lives and pre-

vent injuries to children in motor vehicles through an improved national, State, and local child protection program.

S. 1571

At the request of Mr. McCain, the name of the Senator from North Carolina [Mr. Helms] was added as a cosponsor of S. 1571, a bill to amend title II of the Social Security Act to eliminate the earnings test for individuals who have attained retirement age.

S. 1638

At the request of Mr. Conrad, the name of the Senator from Washington [Mrs. Murray] was added as a cosponsor of S. 1638, a bill to help parents keep their children from starting to use tobacco products, to expose the tobacco industry's past misconduct and to stop the tobacco industry from targeting children, to eliminate or greatly reduce the illegal use of tobacco products by children, to improve the public health by reducing the overall use of tobacco, and for other purposes.

S. 1673

At the request of Mr. HUTCHINSON, the names of the Senator from South Carolina [Mr. THURMOND], the Senator from North Carolina [Mr. HELMS], and the Senator from Wyoming [Mr. THOMAS] were added as cosponsors of S. 1673, a bill to terminate the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 77

At the request of Mr. Sessions, the name of the Senator from Pennsylvania [Mr. Santorum] was added as a cosponsor of Senate Concurrent Resolution 77, a concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress that the Federal government should acthome parents and should not discriminate against families who forego a second income in order for a mother or father to be at home with their children.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 78

At the request of Mr. D'AMATO, his name was added as a cosponsor of Senate Concurrent Resolution 78, a concurrent resolution relating to the indictment and prosecution of Saddam Hussein for war crimes and other crimes against humanity.

SENATE RESOLUTION 155

At the request of Mr. Lott, the name of the Senator from Georgia [Mr. Coverdell] was added as a cosponsor of Senate Resolution 155, a resolution designating April 6 of each year as "National Tartan Day" to recognize the outstanding achievements and contributions made by Scottish Americans to the United States.

SENATE RESOLUTION 187

At the request of Mr. MACK, the names of the Senator from Vermont [Mr. Leahy] and the Senator from Kansas [Mr. Brownback] were added as cosponsors of Senate Resolution 187, a resolution expressing the sense of the Senate regarding the human rights situation in the People's Republic of China.

SENATE RESOLUTION 193

At the request of Mr. REID, the names of the Senator from Nevada [Mr. BRYAN], the Senator from Nebraska [Mr. Kerrey], and the Senator from North Dakota [Mr. DORGAN] were added as cosponsors of Senate Resolution 193, a resolution designating December 13, 1998, as "National Children's Memorial Day."

AMENDMENT NO. 1709

At the request of Mr. McCain his name was added as a cosponsor of Amendment No. 1709 intended to be proposed to S. 1173, a bill to authorize funds for construction of highways, for highway safety programs, and for mass transit programs, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 1710

At the request of Mr. McCain his name was added as a cosponsor of Amendment No. 1710 intended to be proposed to S. 1173, a bill to authorize funds for construction of highways, for highway safety programs, and for mass transit programs, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 1766

At the request of Mr. Murkowski the names of the Senator from Virginia [Mr. Robb] and the Senator from Hawaii [Mr. Akaka] were added as cosponsors of Amendment No. 1766 intended to be proposed to S. 1173, a bill to authorize funds for construction of highways, for highway safety programs, and for mass transit programs, and for other purposes.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 82—RELATIVE TO A VIOLATION OF FUNDAMENTAL HUMAN RIGHTS

Mr. WELLSTONE (for himself and Mrs. Feinstein) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

S. CON. RES. 82

Whereas one of the fastest growing international trafficking businesses is the trade in women, whereby women and girls seeking a better life, a good marriage, or a lucrative job abroad, unexpectedly find themselves in situations of forced prostitution, sweatshop labor, exploitative domestic servitude, or battering and extreme cruelty.

Whereas trafficked women are often subjected to rape and other forms of sexual abuse by their traffickers and often held as virtual prisoners by their exploiters, made to work in slavery-like conditions, in debt bondage without pay and against their will;

Whereas the President, the First Lady, the Secretary of State, and the President's Interagency Council on Women have all identified trafficking in women as a significant problem and are working to mobilize a response:

Whereas the Fourth World Conference on Women (Beijing Conference) called on all governments to take measures, including legislative measures, to provide better protection of the rights of women and girls in trafficking, to address the root factors that put women at risk to traffickers, and to take measures to dismantle the national, regional, and international networks in trafficking;